

Status update on the analysis of $^{80}\text{Se}(n,\gamma)$

Víctor Babiano Suárez

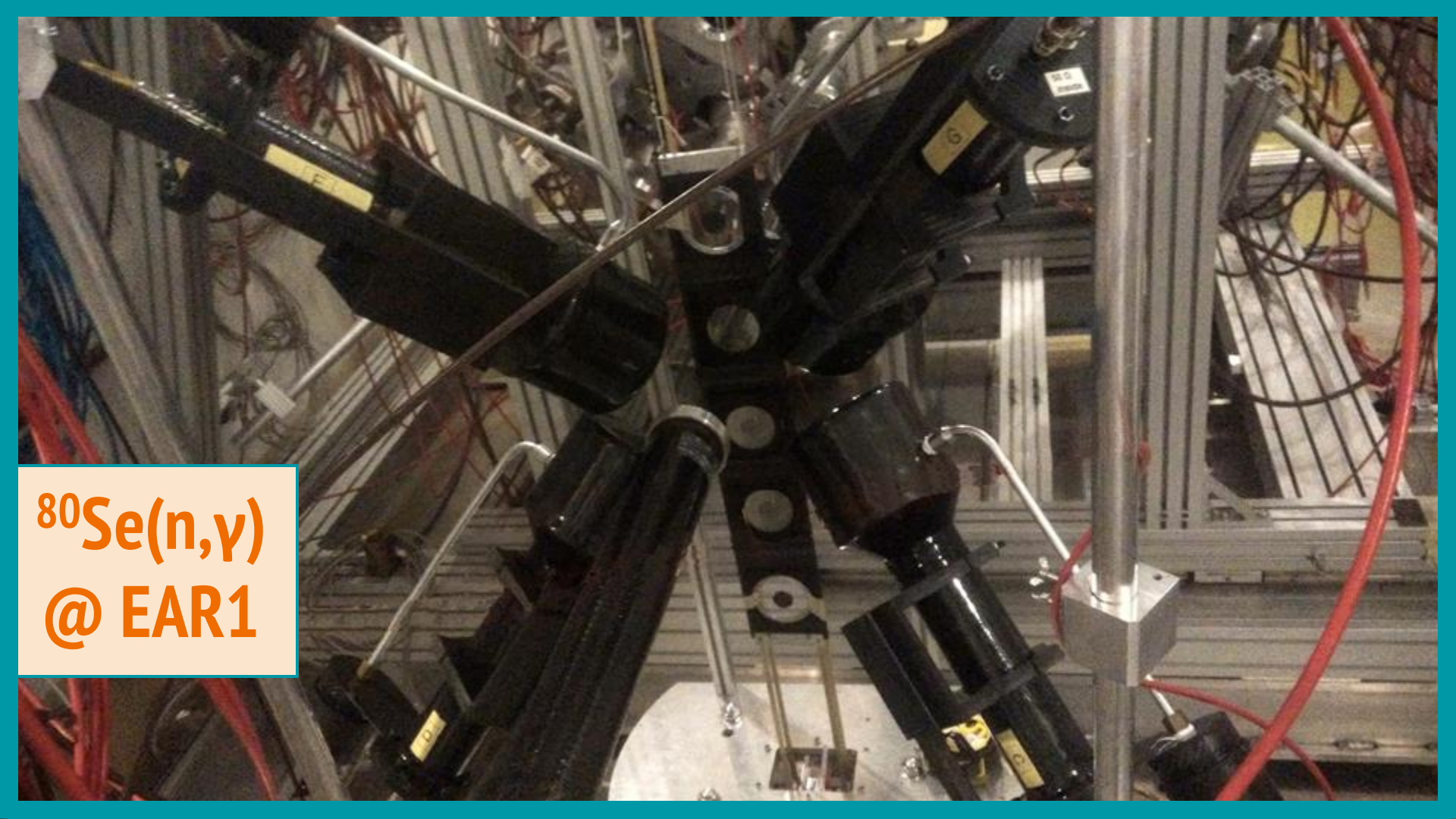
Javier Balibrea, Luis Caballero, David Calvo, Cesar Domingo, Ion Ladarescu,
Jorge Lerendegui, Pablo Olleros, José Luis Taín
IFIC (Universitat de València – CSIC)

Francisco Calviño, Adria Casanovas, Ariel Tarifeño (UPC)

Victor Alcayne, Daniel Cano (CIEMAT)

Carlos Guerrero, M^a Ángeles Millán, M^a Teresa Rodríguez (US)

n_TOF local team and the n_TOF Collaboration



$^{80}\text{Se}(n,\gamma)$
@ EAR1



$^{80}\text{Se}(n,\gamma)$
@ EAR1

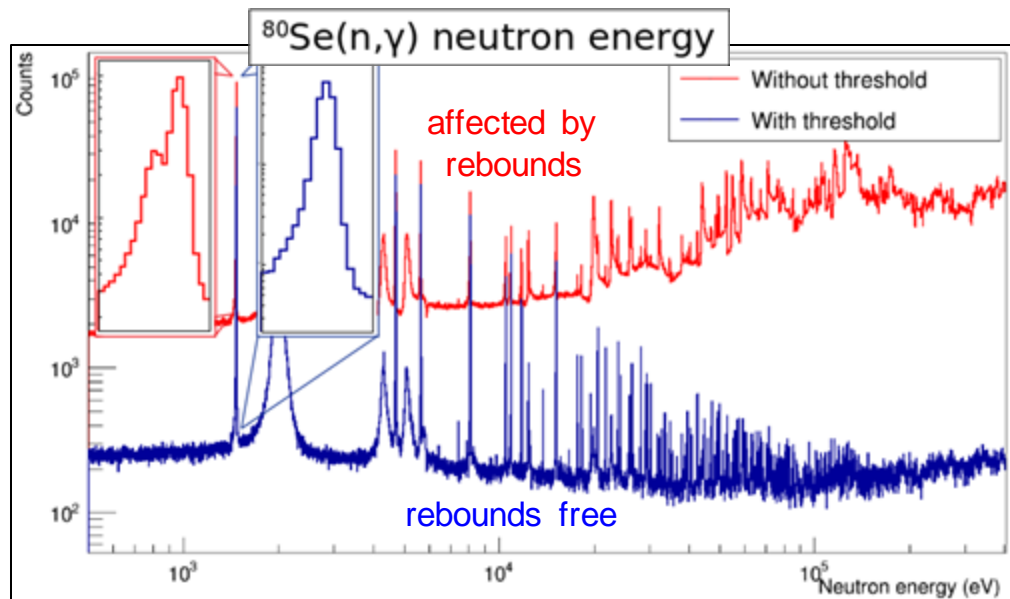
Shown previously

- Rebounds study ([Granada 18](#)).
- Count rate consistency study ([CERN 19](#)).
- Gain stability study ([Prague 19](#)).
- G4 simulation and detector calibration ([Prague 19](#)).
- Preliminary weighting function calculation ([Prague 19](#)).

Results shown in the last meetings

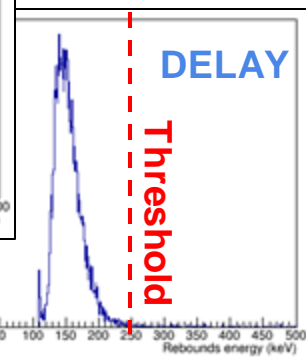
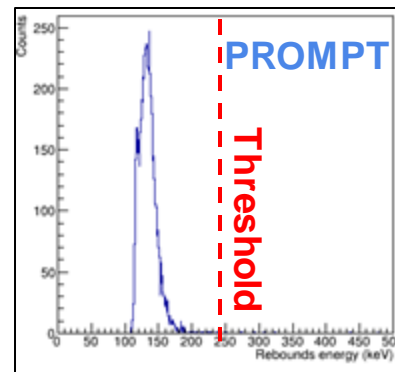
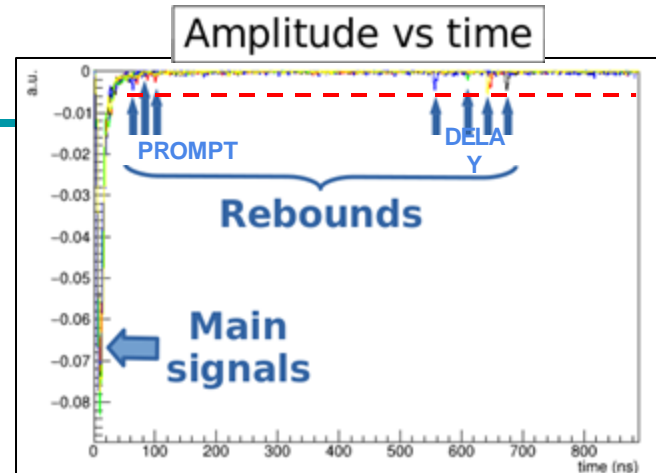
- Rebounds:

(signals appear after the main pulses of the C_6D_6 detectors)



Solution found →

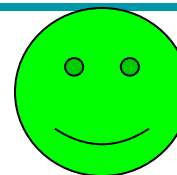
Set a sufficiently high threshold allows to eliminate rebound-effects



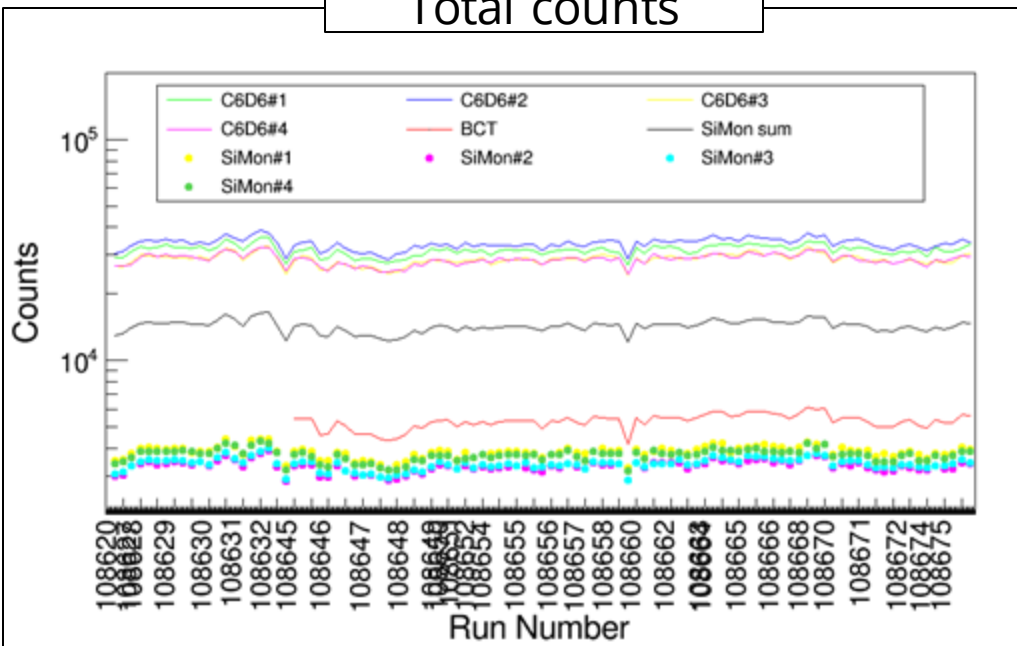
Results shown in the last meetings

- Count rate consistency study

(check the consistency of the C_6D_6 count rates along the experiment)



Total counts

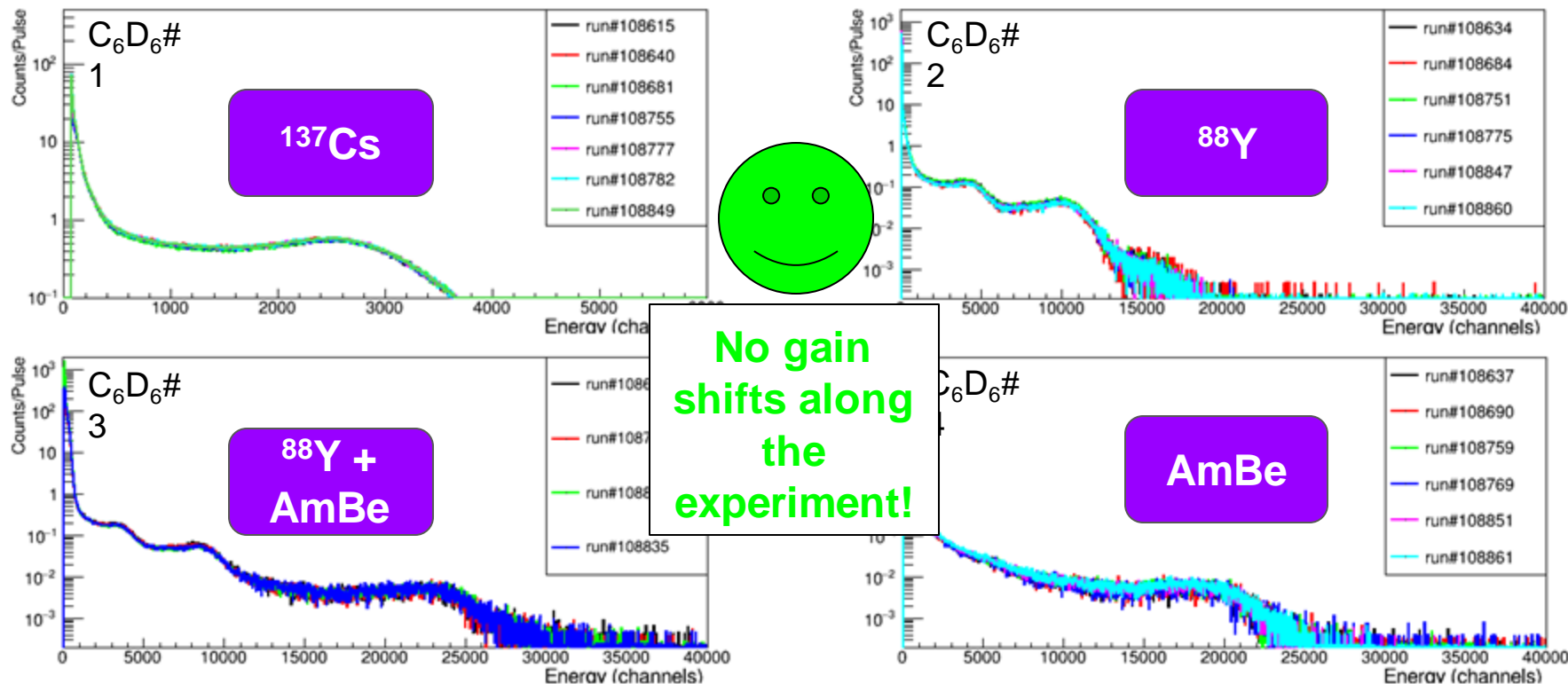


All the statistic has been verified

Sample	%
Au	100
Empty	100
Empty + Filters	100
Se Thick	100
Se Thick + F	100
Se Thin	100

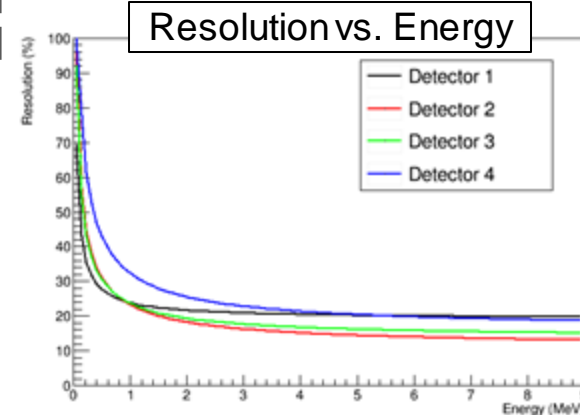
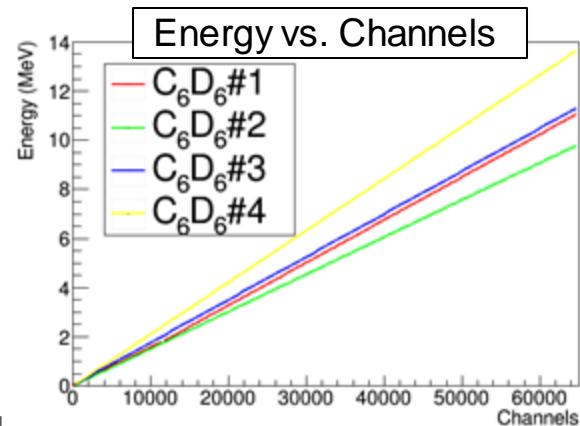
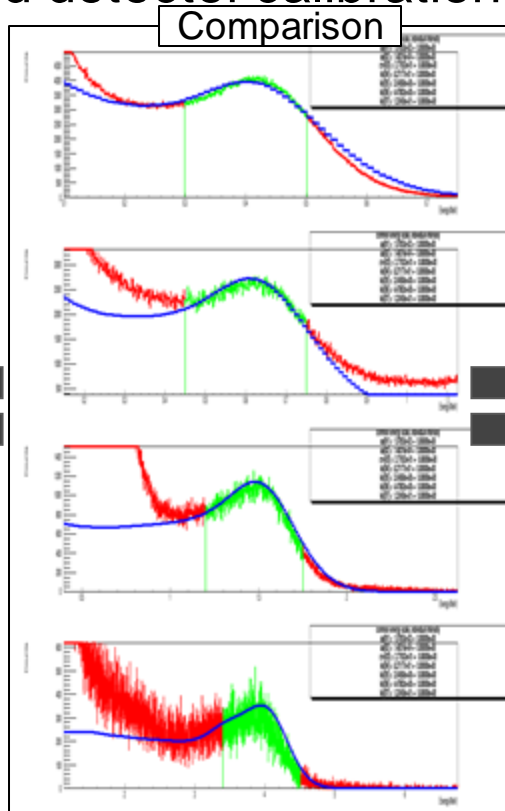
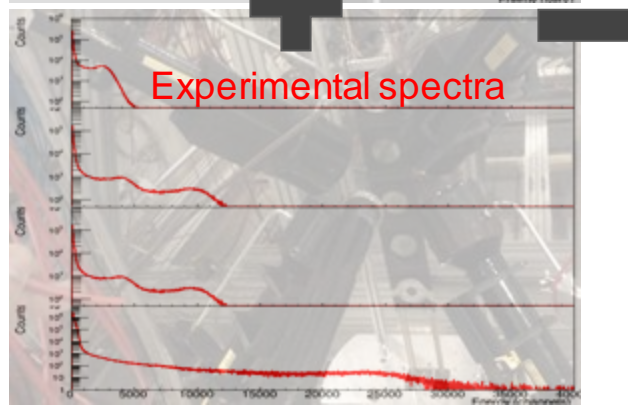
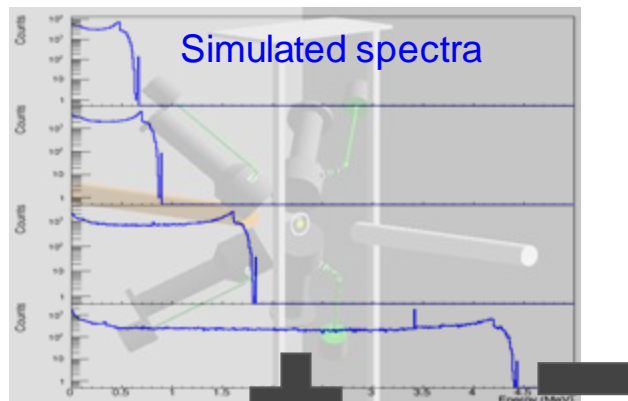
Results shown in the last meetings

- Gain stability study (check the gain stability of all C6D6)



Results shown in the last meetings

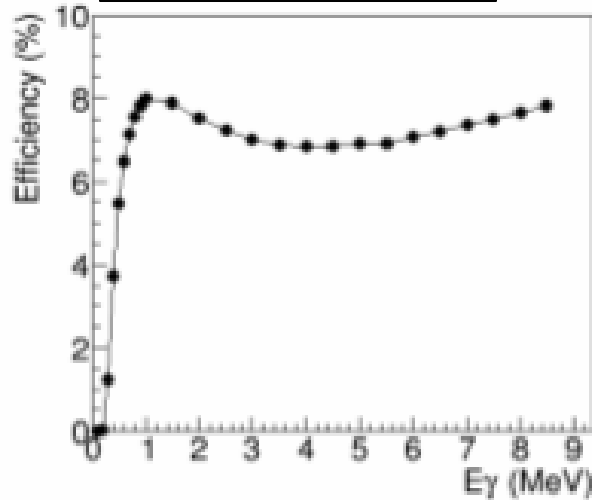
- Geant4 simulation and detector calibration



Results shown in the last meetings

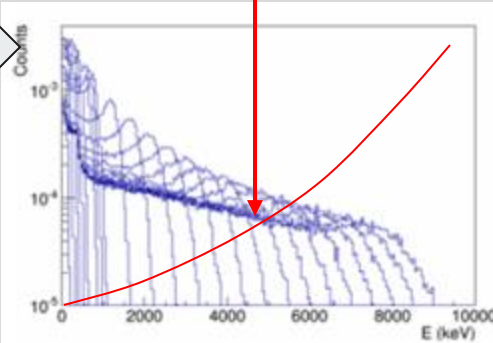
- Weighting function calculation

Experimental
 C_6D_6 efficiency

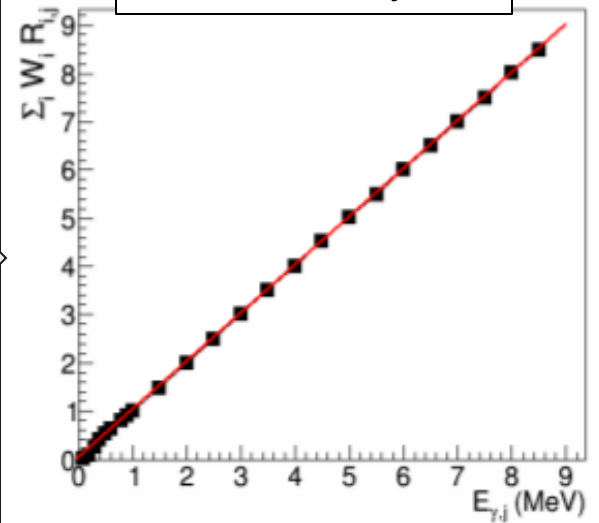


$$\min \sum (\sum W_i R_{ij} - \alpha E_{\gamma,j})^2$$

$$W_i = \sum_{k=0}^n a_k E^k$$

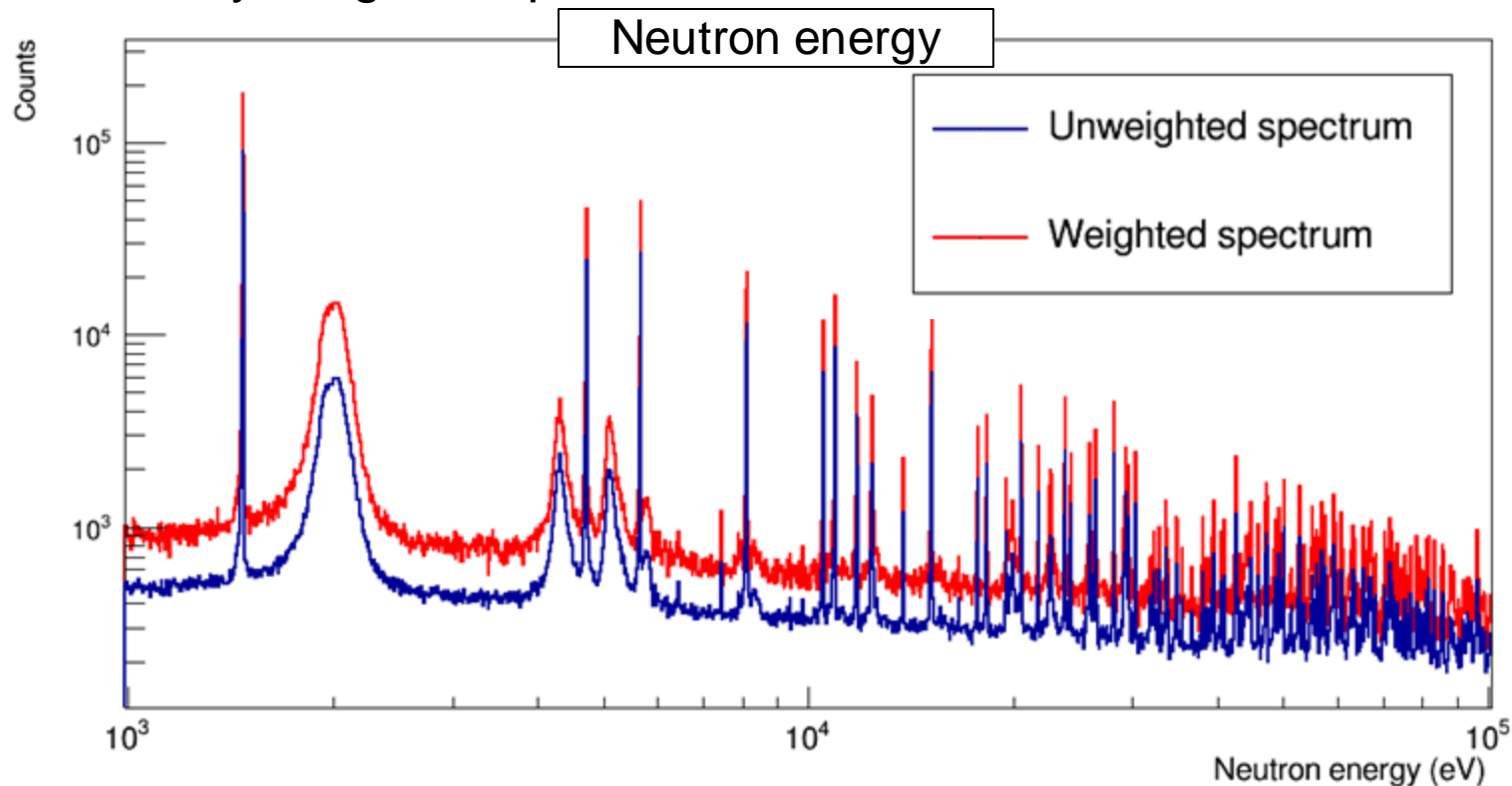


Weighted C_6D_6
efficiency



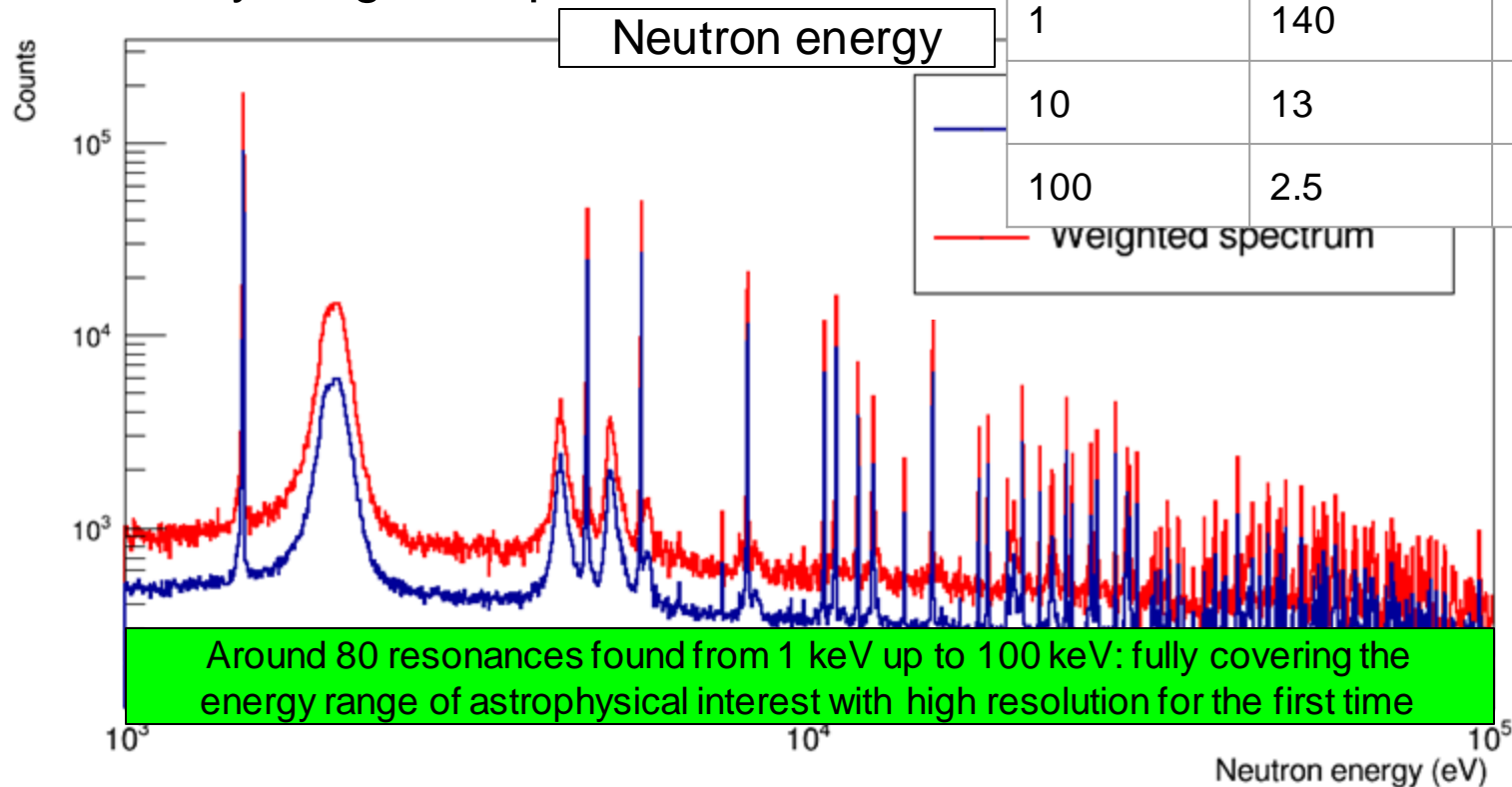
Results shown in the last meetings

- Preliminary weighted spectra



Results shown in the last meetings

- Preliminary weighted spectra



Ongoing work

Cascades simulation:

An event generator for simulations of complex β -decay experiments

D. Jordan ^{a,*}, A. Algora ^{a,b}, J.L. Tain ^a

Why? Calculate uncertainties in the weighting function and threshold correction factors (particularly important for the threshold used to reject rebounds).

How? Create cascades with CAPTUGENS, and simulate them using Geant4.

- Check methodology with Au cascade.
- Obtain the ^{80}Se cascade:
 - Select model to parametrize statistical part of nuclei.
 - Calculate Photon Strength Function.
 - Simulate cascade and check with experimental spectra.

Ongoing work: ^{197}Au cascade simulation

- Generating the cascade for 4.9 eV resonance
- Photon Strength function:

	E1		M1	E2
E (MeV)	13.72	5.8	7.05	10.81
Γ (MeV)	4.61	1.5	4.00	3.73
σ_0 (mb)	541.0	6.0	1.12	5.03

E1: two giant resonances parametrized with generalized lorentzians.

M1, E2: parametrized with lorentzians.

PHYSICAL REVIEW C

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MAY 1990

Test of gamma-ray strength functions in nuclear reaction model calculations

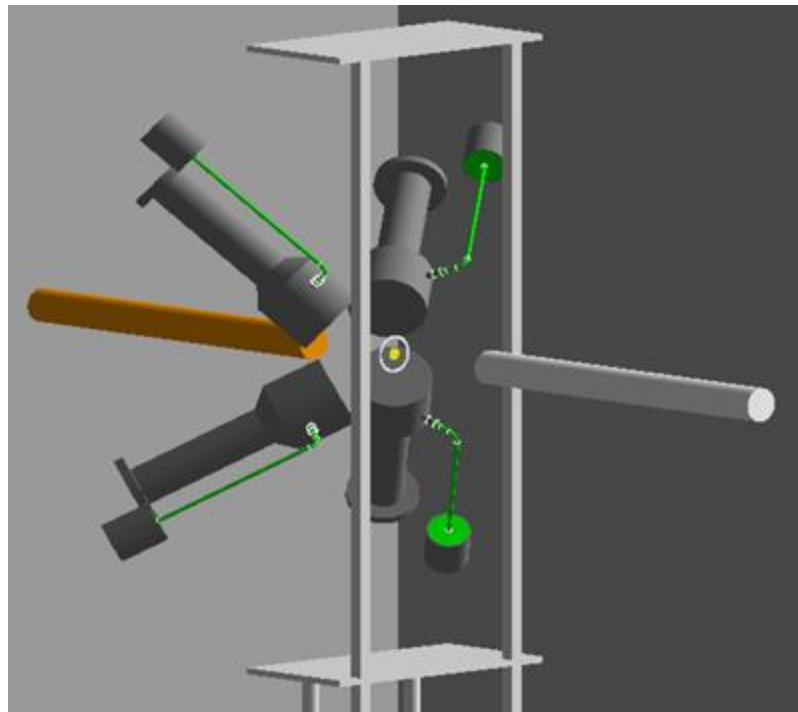
J. Kopecky

Netherlands Energy Research Foundation ECN, P.O. Box 1, 1755 ZG Petten, The Netherlands

M. Uhl

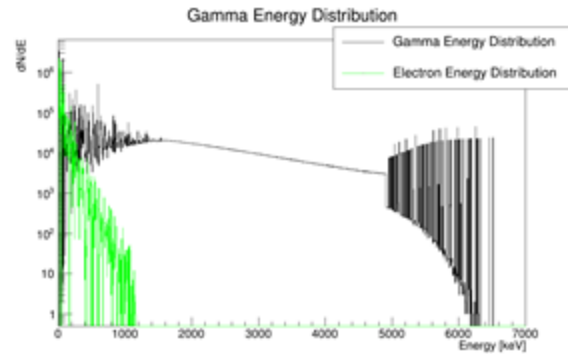
Institut für Radiumforschung und Kernphysik, Universität Wien, A1090 Wien, Boltzmannngasse 3, Austria

(Received 25 October 1989)



Ongoing work: ^{197}Au cascade simulation

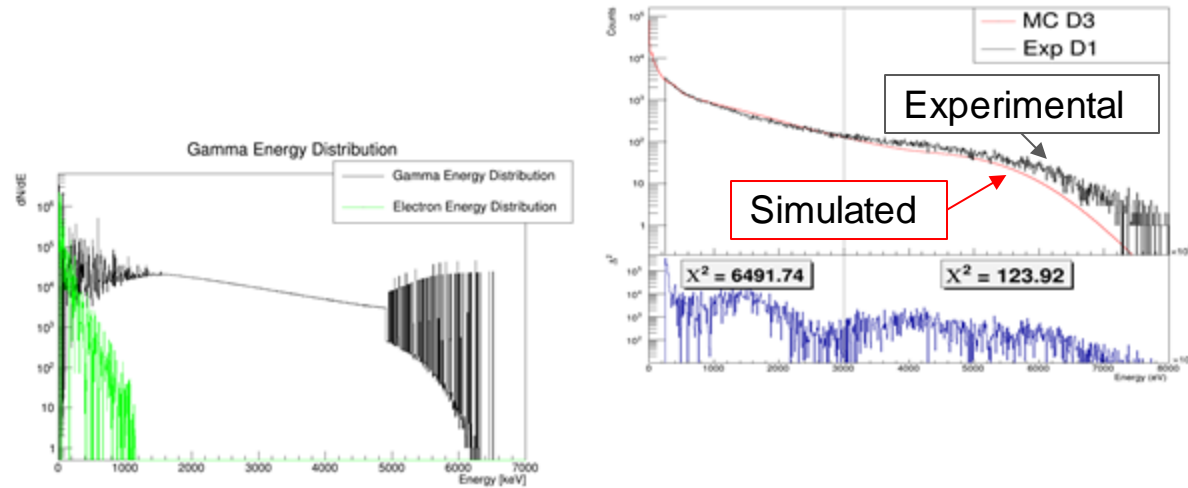
- Simulated cascade for 4.9 eV resonance



M_γ	M_{e^-}
4.51	1.72

Ongoing work: ^{197}Au cascade simulation

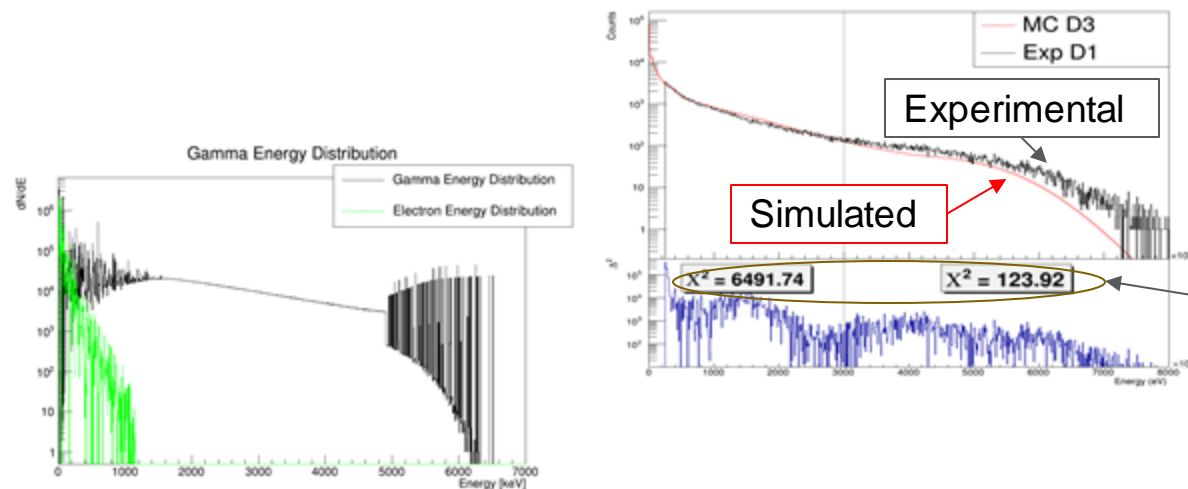
- Simulated cascade for 4.9 eV resonance



M_Y	M_{e^-}
4.51	1.72

Ongoing work: ^{197}Au cascade simulation

- Simulated cascade for 4.9 eV resonance



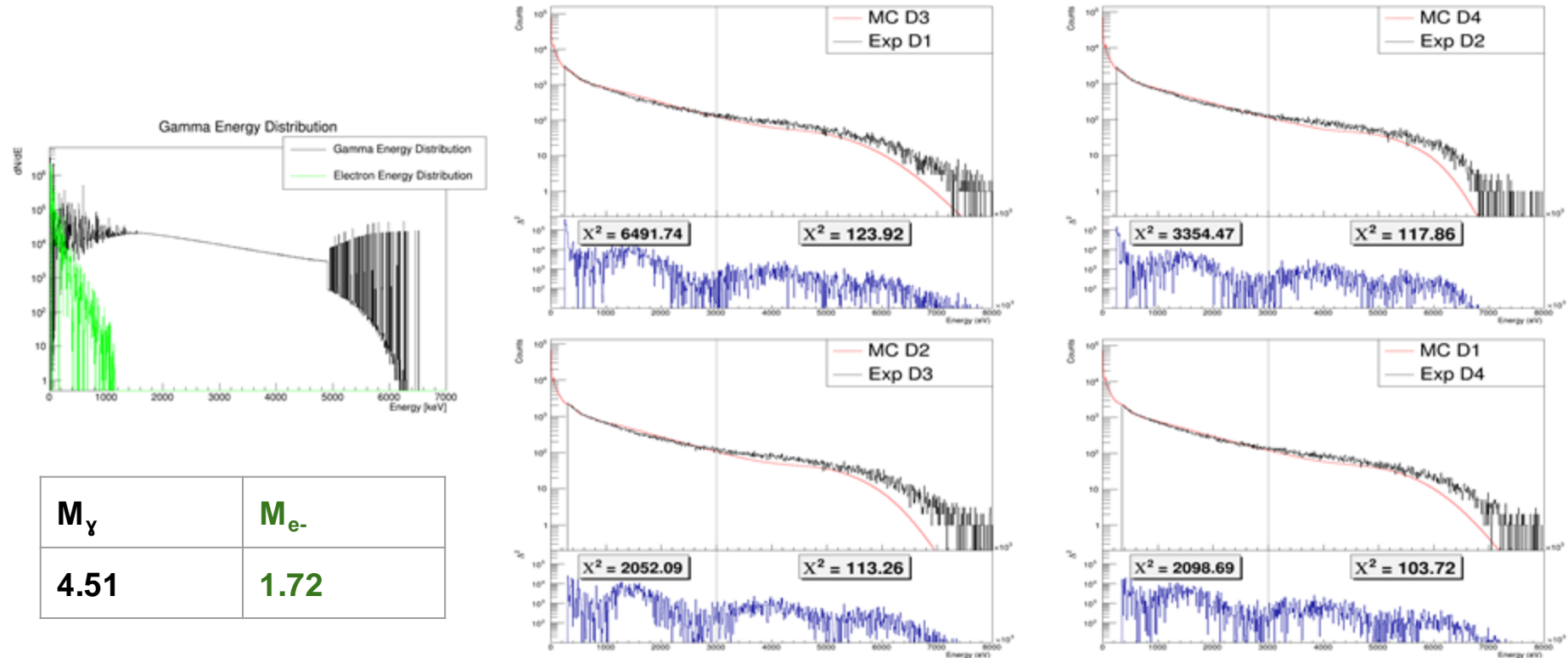
Evaluating the goodness of the MC-model by means of the **Pearson chi2**:

$$\chi^2 = \frac{\sum_{i=1}^{nbins} \frac{(x_i - m_i)^2}{m_i}}{nbins}$$

M_Y	M_{e^-}
4.51	1.72

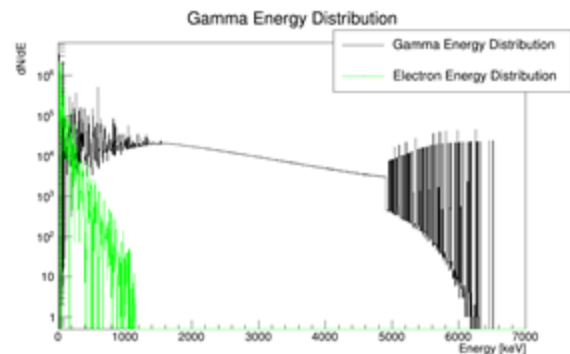
Ongoing work: ^{197}Au cascade simulation

- Simulated cascade for 4.9 eV resonance

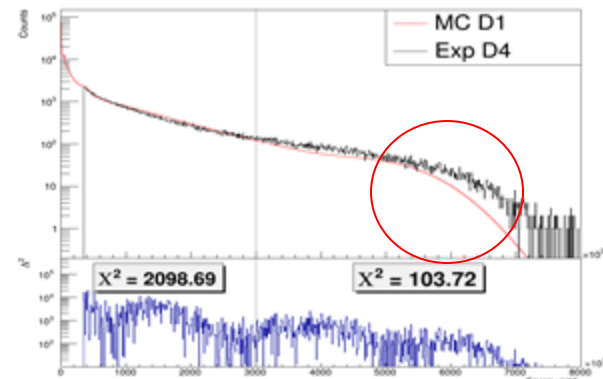
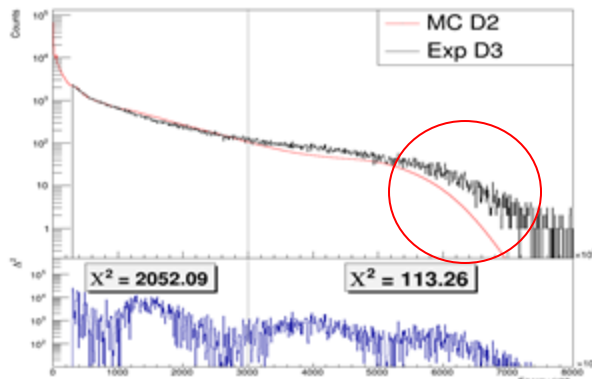
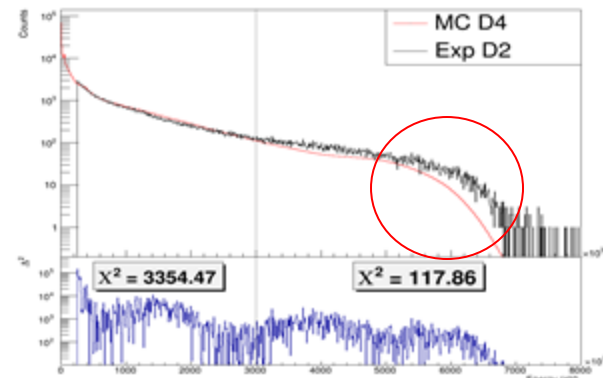
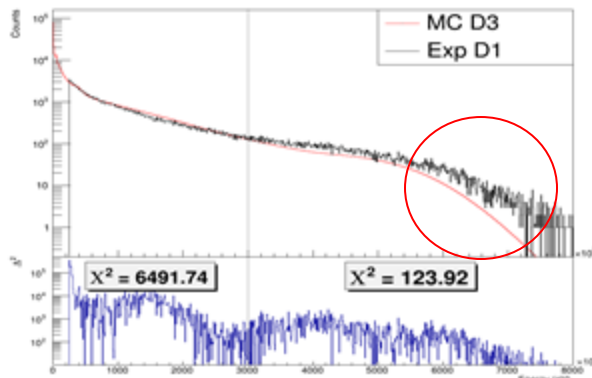


Ongoing work: ^{197}Au cascade simulation

- Simulated cascade for 4.9 eV resonance

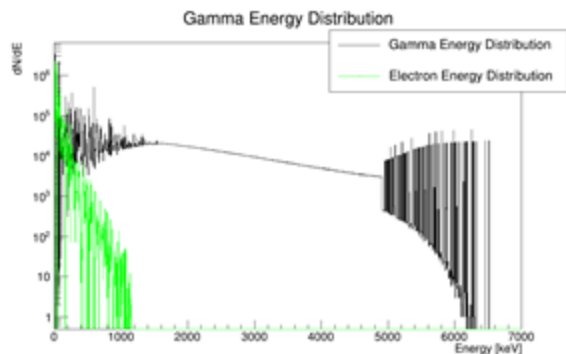


M_Y	M_{e^-}
4.51	1.72

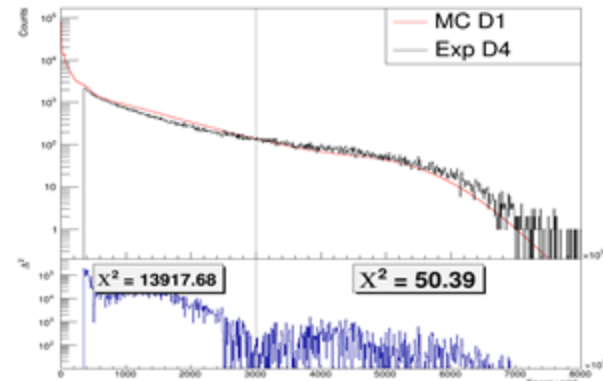
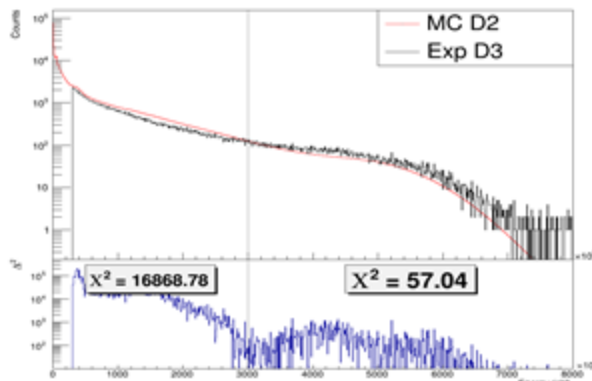
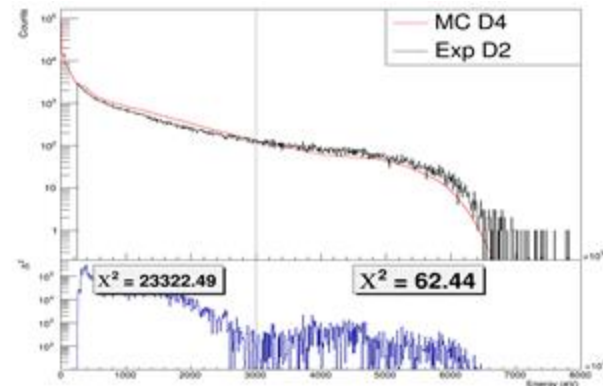
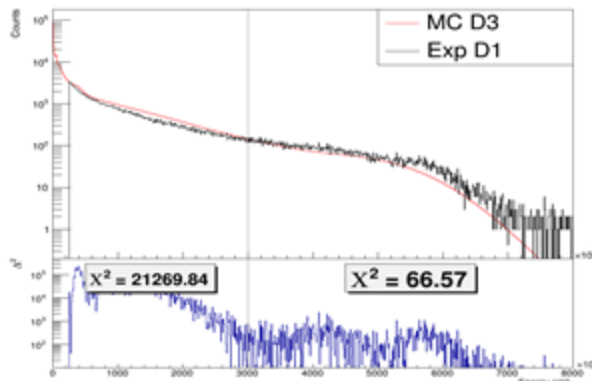


Ongoing work: ^{197}Au cascade simulation

- Simulated cascade for 4.9 eV resonance as a calibration point



M_γ	M_{e^-}
4.51	1.72



Ongoing work: ^{80}Se cascade simulation

- Generating the cascade: known levels vs. statistical part .

Dilg	Till	
BSFG	BSFG	CT
$a = 10.20$ $\Delta = -0.26$ $l_{\text{eff}} = 0.5$	$a = 10.83$ $\Delta = -0.06$ $l_{\text{eff}} = 0.5$	$T = 0.83$ $E_0 = -1.00$

**LEVEL DENSITY PARAMETERS
FOR THE BACK-SHIFTED FERMI GAS MODEL IN THE MASS RANGE
 $40 < A < 250$**
W. DILG, W. SCHANTL[†] and H. VONACH
Physik-Department der Technischen Universität München

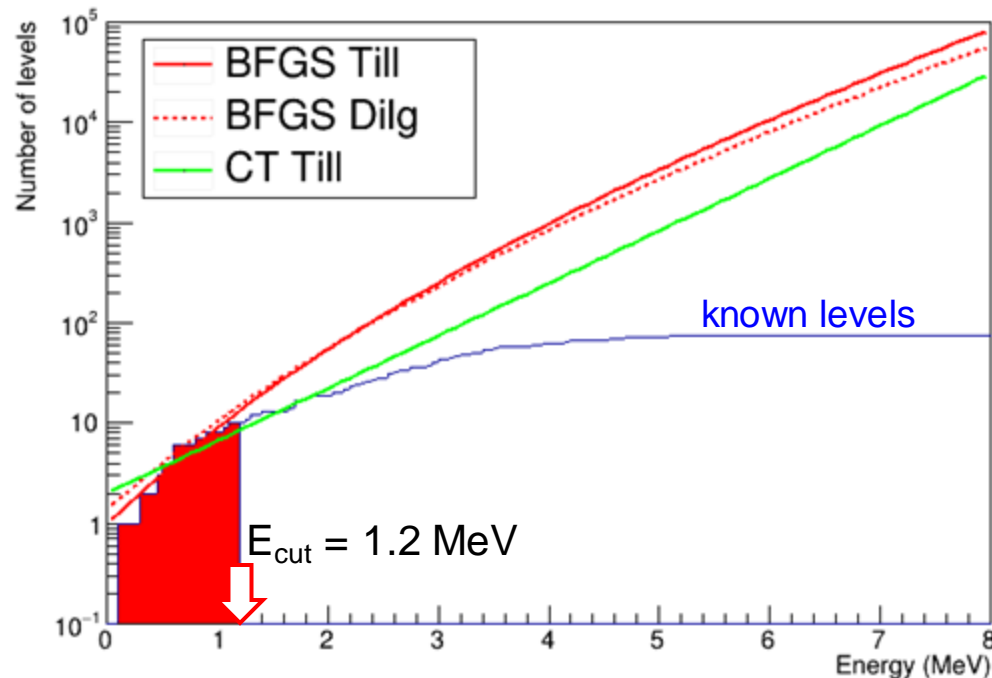
Systematics of nuclear level density parameters

Till von Egidy¹ and Dorel Bucurescu²

¹Physik-Department, Technische Universität München, D-85748 Garching, Germany

²Horia Hulubei National Institute of Physics and Nuclear Engineering, R-76900 Bucharest, Romania

(Received 1 July 2005; published 27 October 2005)



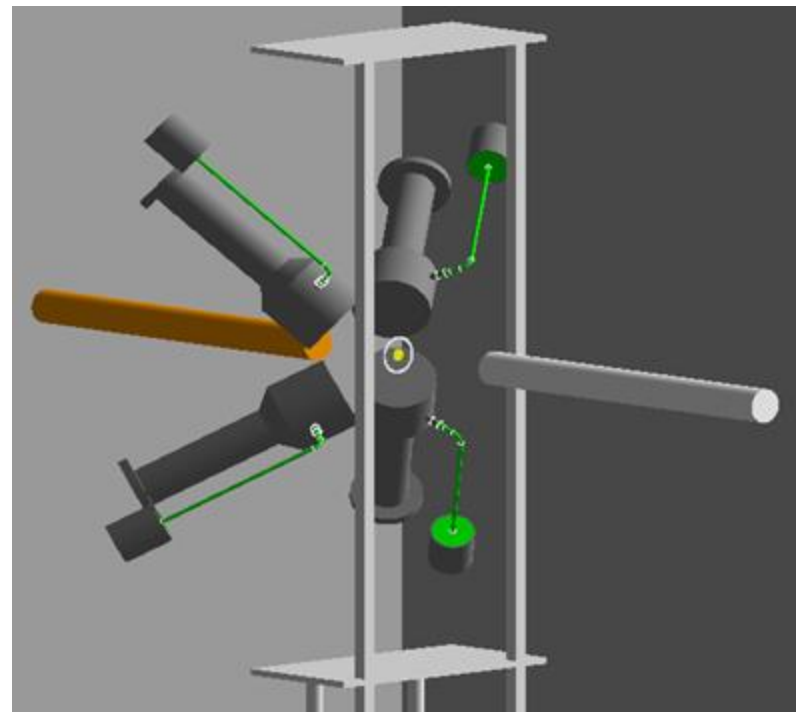
Ongoing work: ^{80}Se cascade simulation

- Generating the cascade: Photon Strength Function calculation.

	E1		M1	E2
E (MeV)	15.44	17.89	9.48	14.56
Γ (MeV)	4.85	6.42	4.00	4.41
σ_0 (mb)	51.16	102.31	12.46	0.14

RIPL – Reference Input Parameter Library for Calculation of Nuclear Reactions and Nuclear Data Evaluations

R. Capote,^{1*} M. Herman,^{1,2} P. Obložinský,^{1,2} P.G. Young,³ S. Goriely,⁴ T. Belgya,⁵ A.V. Ignatyuk,⁶
A.J. Koning,⁷ S. Hilaire,⁸ V.A. Plujko,⁹ M. Avrigeanu,¹⁰ O. Bersillon,⁸ M.B. Chadwick,³ T. Fukahori,¹¹
Zhigang Ge,¹² Yinlu Han,¹² S. Kailas,¹³ J. Kopecky,¹⁴
V.M. Maslov,¹⁵ G. Reffo,¹⁶ M. Sin,¹⁷ E.Sh. Soukhovitskii,¹⁵ P. Talou³

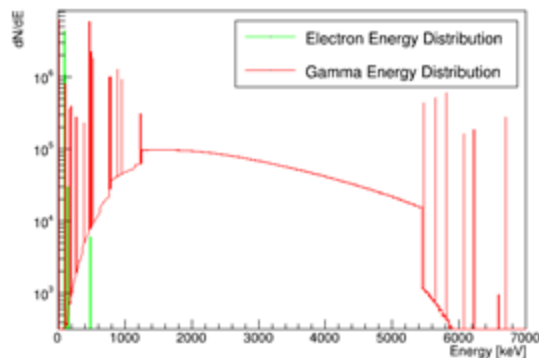


Ongoing work: ^{80}Se cascade simulation

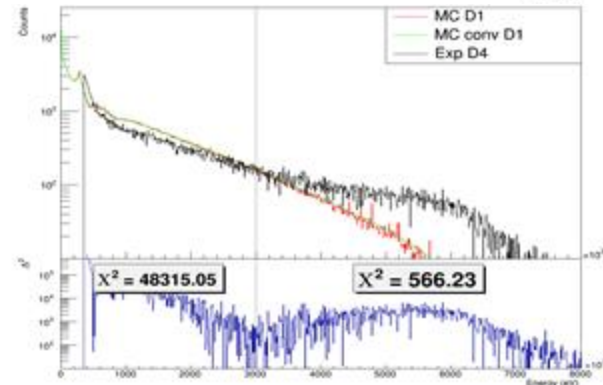
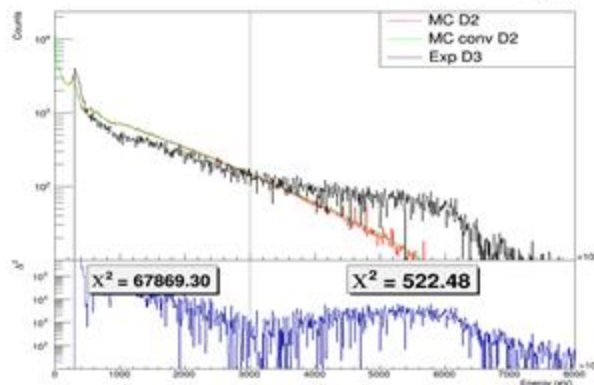
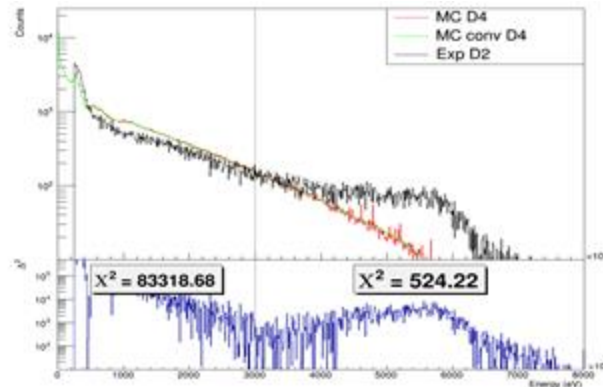
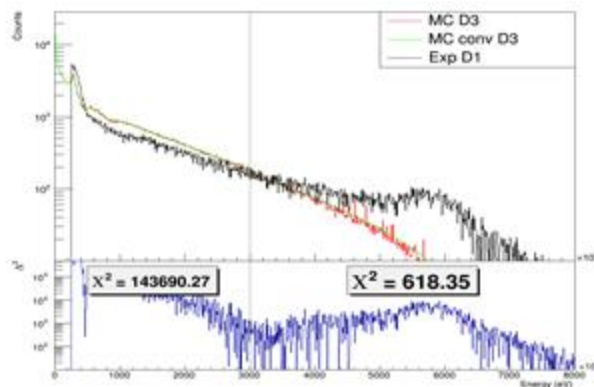
- Simulated cascade for 1.95 keV resonance: BSFG level-density.

BSFG

Electron Energy Distribution



M_γ	M_{e^-}
3.07	0.33

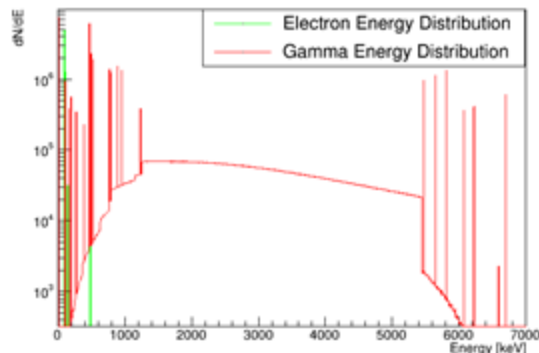


Ongoing work: ^{80}Se cascade simulation

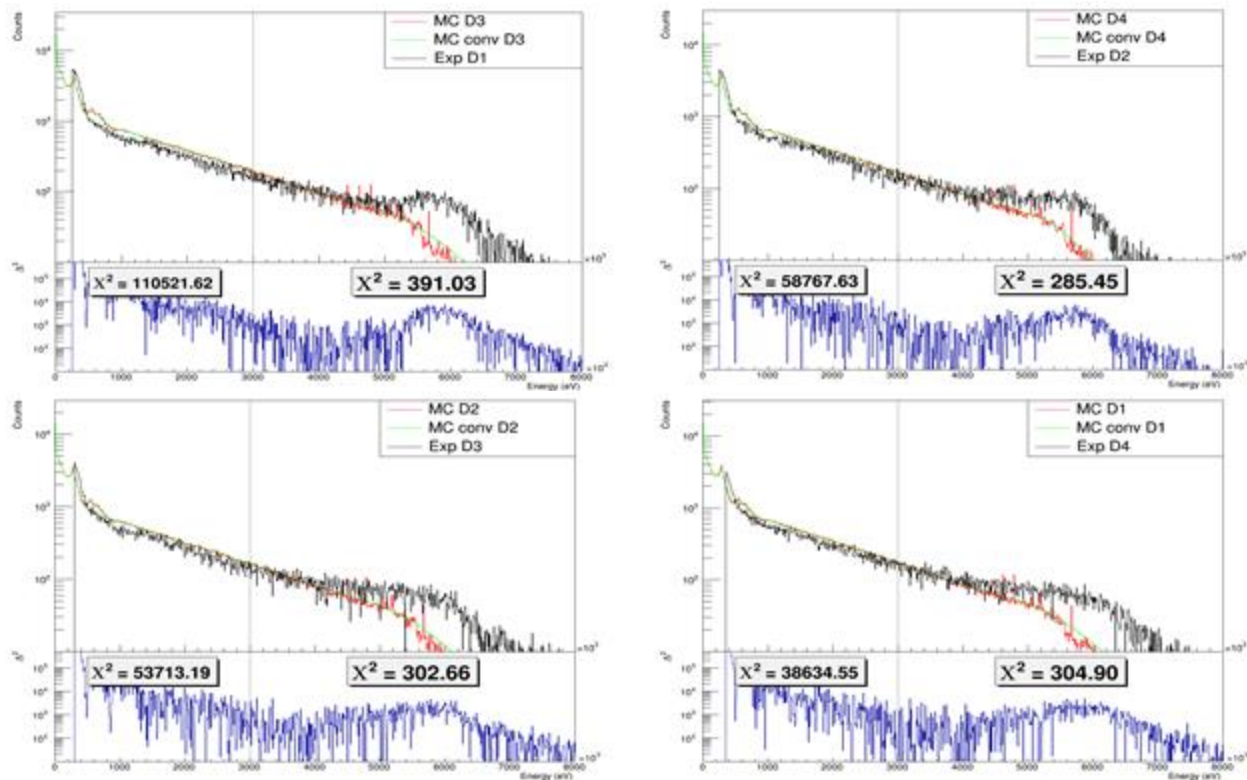
- Simulated cascade for 1.95 keV resonance: CT level-density.

CT

Electron Energy Distribution

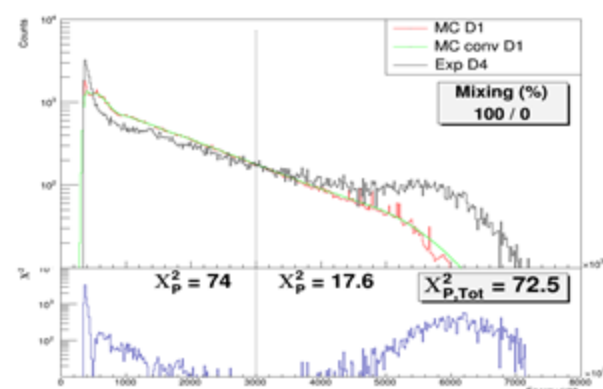
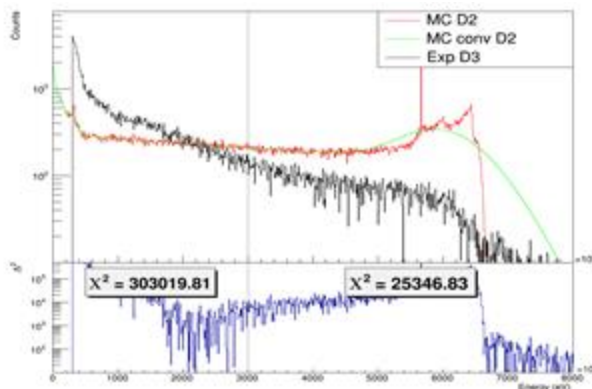
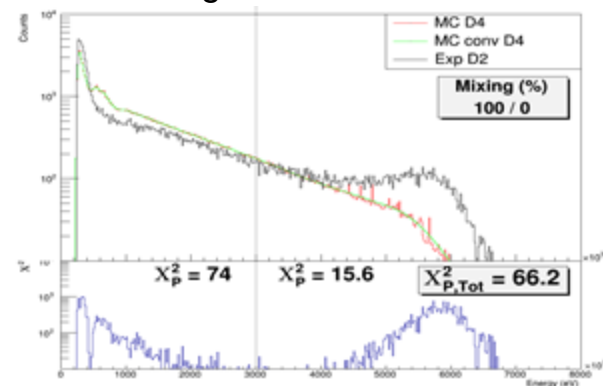
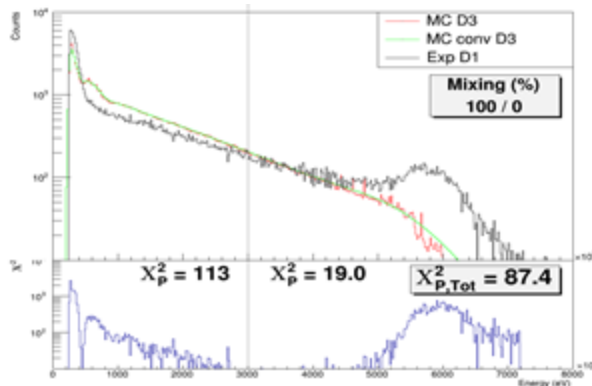
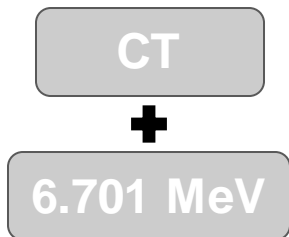


M_γ	M_{e^-}
2.95	0.39



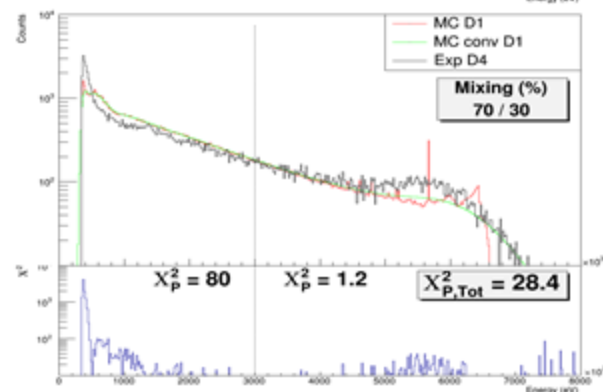
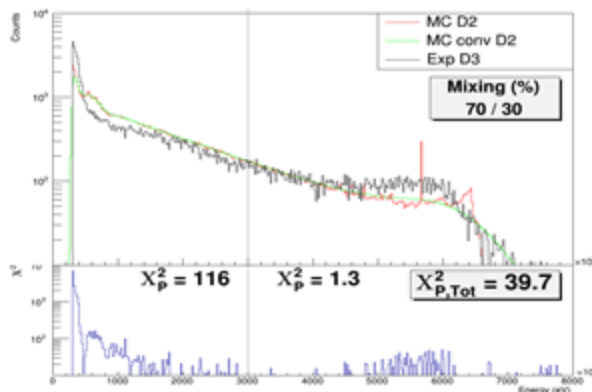
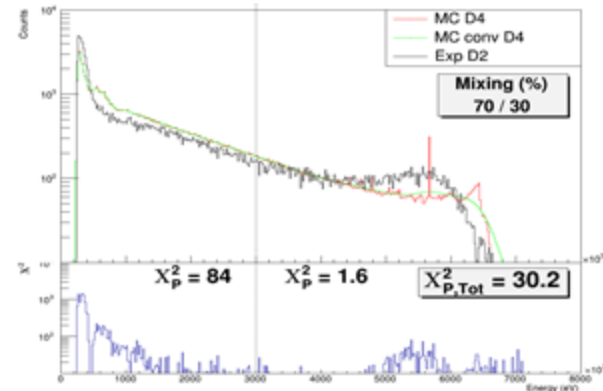
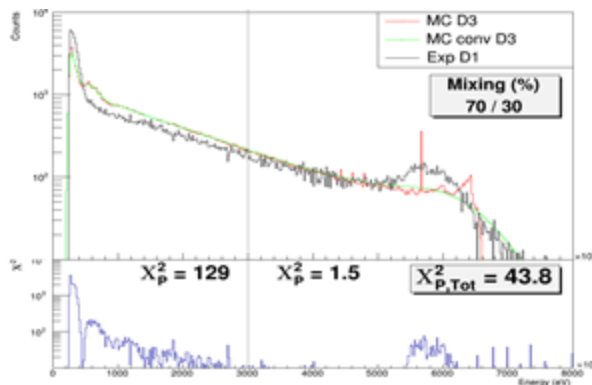
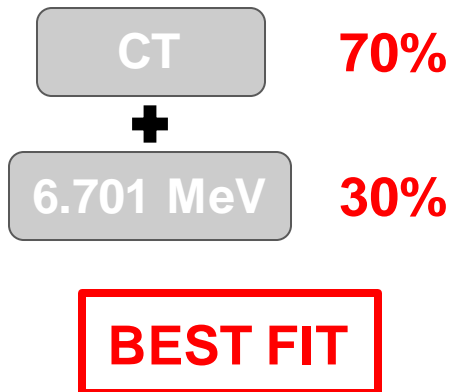
Ongoing work: ^{80}Se cascade simulation

- Mixing cascade with monoenergetic gamma-rays of $E_g = S_n$



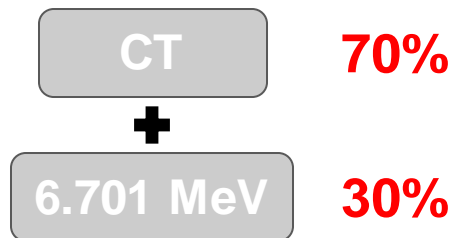
Ongoing work: ^{80}Se cascade simulation

- Mixing cascade with monoenergetic gamma-rays of $E_{\gamma} = S_n$



Ongoing work: ^{80}Se cascade simulation

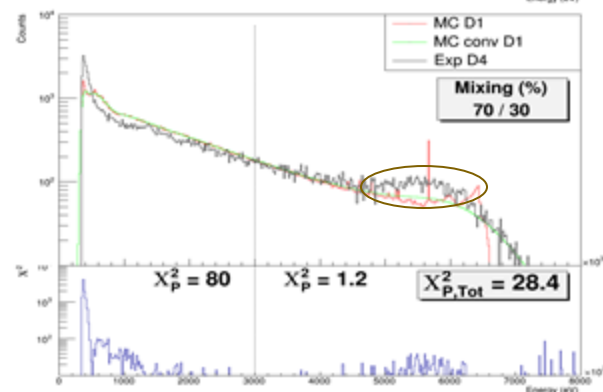
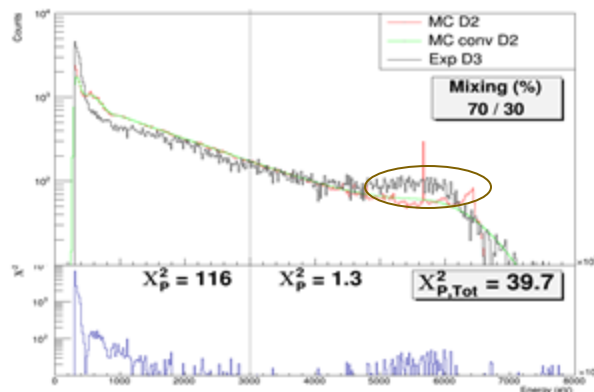
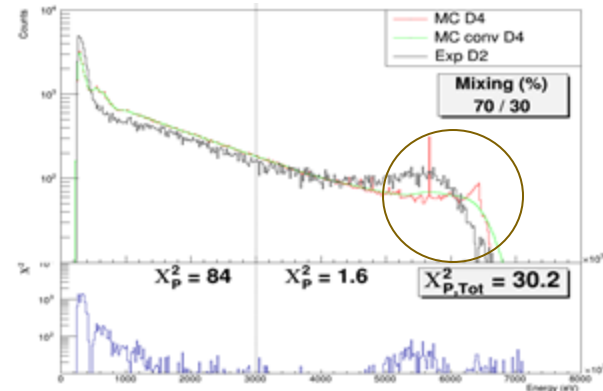
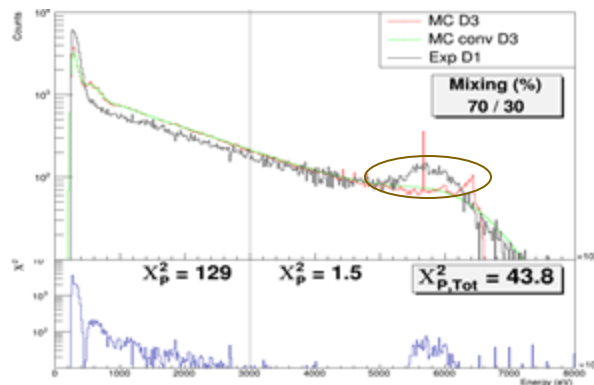
- Mixing cascade with monoenergetic gamma-rays of $E_{\gamma} = S_n$



BEST FIT

But still with aspects to improve:

- High energy “bump” does not fully reproduce.
- Calibration problem (?) in Detector#2.



Summary and outlook

Analysis of the experiment is now ongoing.

Until now, we have studied:

- Effects of rebounds.
- The count rate stability for C_6D_6 .
- The gain stability of the C_6D_6 .
- Weighting function.
- Geant4 simulations.

Study currently ongoing:

- Improve modeling of the cascades.
- Determine the WF accuracy.
- Determine corrections for the experimental effects of threshold

Next steps:

- Determine the experimental capture yield
- R-Matrix analysis with SAMMY.
- Astrophysical interpretations of the results.